TOWN OF ROCKLAND, MASSACHUSETTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

TOWN OF ROCKLAND, MASSACHUSETTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Selectmen Town of Rockland, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Rockland, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Rockland, Massachusetts' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Rockland, Massachusetts as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2007, on our consideration of the Town of Rockland, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, on the accompanying pages, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

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December 18, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

As management of the Town of Rockland (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$40.7 million (net assets). Of this amount, approximately \$6.0 million represented restricted net assets. This amount also includes unrestricted net asset of approximately \$.19 million.
- The total cost of all Town services for fiscal 2007 was \$54.7 million.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$465,023, or approximately 1.07% of general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) budgetary comparison statements, and 4) notes to financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. The reader should consider non-financial factors, such as the condition of the Town's infrastructure and changes to the property tax base, in order to assess the overall health of the Town.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, education, public works, health and human services, and culture and recreation. The Town has no business-type activities.

Fund financial statements: A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The Town does not have any proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of resources to be spent. The focus is also on the balances left at the end of the fiscal year available for spending. This information is useful in evaluating the Town's near term financing requirements. This approach is the modified accrual basis of accounting, which uses the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Such statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances that assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet current needs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is considered to be major fund. The remaining funds are combined into aggregate funds in this presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is available from the Town Accountant's office.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the accompanying pages of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the accompanying pages of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements described above.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Rockland, assets exceeded liabilities by \$40.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year as demonstrated in the following table:

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

	FY 2007	FY 2006	
	Governmental	Governmental	Percent
	Activities	Activities	Change
Current assets	\$ 13,256,738	\$ 12,711,519	4.29 %
Capital assets	40,255,257	40,993,414	(1.80)%
Total assets	53,511,995	53,704,933	(.36)%
Current liabilities	2,384,338	4,321,686	(44.83)%
Long-term liabilities	10,442,806	8,604,605	21.36 %
Total liabilities	12,827,144	12,926,289	(.76)%
Net assets:			
Capital Assets, net of related debt	34,527,563	35,514,607	(2.78)%
Restricted	6,881,706	7,898,467	(12.87)%
Unrestricted	(724,418)	(2,634,430)	72.50 %
Total net assets	\$ 40,684,851	\$ 40,778,644	(.23)%

Included within the governmental activity current assets are \$4,553,024 in cash, \$4,017,811 of investments, \$725,141 for billed and unbilled water services and \$1,279,727 of intergovernmental receivables, inclusive of state highway construction grants and MWPAT drawdowns and interest subsidies.

Current year additions to capital assets totaled \$1,831,698. Of this amount \$1 million represented additions to infrastructure, inclusive of water mains, sewer improvements and road improvement projects. \$351,905 related to additions relating to the Joint Water Works. The remainder related to various building improvements, and acquisition of machinery, equipment and vehicles.

Governmental activity long-term liabilities include \$5.7 million in general obligation bonds, of which approximately \$460,000 has been classified as current because it is due within fiscal year 2008. Long-term liabilities also include \$525,000 for estimated future landfill monitoring costs and \$4,190,112 for compensated absences.

The largest portion of the Town's net assets \$34,527,563, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net assets, \$5,969,841 represents resources that are subject to restrictions placed on how they may be used. Included in this amount are the water and sewer funds of \$838,468 and \$2,553,705 respectively.

The Town's unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, are \$187,447.

Governmental activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$93,791 or approximately .02% during fiscal year 2007. A summary of revenues and major functional expenditures is presented below.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

Revenues:

- Property taxes represent nearly 36% of the Town's revenue. Property tax growth represents a combination of an annual increase, allowed in the levy under Proposition 2 ½, and new growth.
- ◆ Operating grants and contributions make up the second largest revenue representing nearly 30% of the Town's revenue. The largest proportion of this revenue, nearly \$10.0 million represents Chapter 70 and charter school aid from the Commonwealth and medicare assistance from the federal government.
- ♦ Charges for services represents nearly 19% of the Town's revenue. This includes water and sewer charges at nearly \$5.4 million, trash fees at \$1.3 million, and ambulance receipts of \$1.2 million.
- ♦ The Town received \$1,260,000 during the year, pursuant to an agreement with the South Shore Tri-Town Development Corporation's master developer LNR South Shore, LLC. This represents approximately 83.9% of the Town's departmental and other revenue.

Expenses:

- ♦ Increases in general government expenses resulted from increases in health and other insurance costs.
- ◆ Employee benefit costs rose by more than 8.9% due to rising health insurance, pension costs.
- ◆ Property and liability insurance costs rose by approximately 5.1%.
- ◆ The cost of education services increased, due to negotiated wage settlements, employee health insurance cost increases, special education cost increases, and rising school enrollment.

Revenues:	FY 2007 Governmental <u>Activities</u>	FY 2006 Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Percent Change
Charges for services	\$ 10,488,827	\$10,467,582	.02%
Operating grants and contributions	16,548,744	15,912,531	3.90%
Capital grants and contributions	420,312	420,500	0.00%
General revenues:			
Property taxes	19,647,320	19,201,919	2.30%
Excise taxes	1,901,901	1,851,444	2.70%
Penalties and interest	174,874	174,528	0.01%
Grants and contributions not restricted	3,532,715	3,015,218	17.10%
Investment income	414,196	278,229	48.80%
Departmental and other	1,500,954	101,020	1385.70%
Total revenues	54,629,843	51,422,971	6.20%
Expenses:			
General government	12,943,908	11,842,154	9.30%
Public safety	7,035,228	6,289,388	11.80%
Education	22,250,321	22,592,144	1.50%
Public works	7,816,345	7,407,987	5.50%
Health and human services	1,508,649	1,671,761	(9.70)%
Culture and recreation	1,036,639	983,977	5.30%
Interest and other charges	287,539	228,551	25.80%
State and county charges	1,845,005	<u>1,415,646</u>	30.30%
Total expenses	54,723,634	52,431,608	4.30%
Change in net assets	<u>\$(93,791)</u>	<u>\$(1,008,637)</u>	90.70%

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6.8 million. Approximately 79.4% of this total amount (approximately \$5.4 million) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion or as provided for in the terms and conditions of several applicable grant or custodial agreements or for capital projects. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$1,399,035).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$465,398, while total fund balance was \$724,931. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. General fund unreserved fund balance represents 1.0% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 1.6% of that same amount.

It is essential that governments maintain adequate levels of fund balance to mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and to ensure stable tax rates. During 2002, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) issued a recommendation that at a minimum, general purpose governments, regardless of size maintain unreserved fund balance in their general fund of no less than five to fifteen percent of regular general fund operating revenues, or no less than one to two months of regular general fund operating expenditures. The Town's general fund unreserved fund balance of \$465,023 million is 1.0% of general fund revenue.

During the current fiscal year, the Town's total General Fund balance increased \$40,738. General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$103, 401. Transfers into the General Fund consisted of approximately \$6,000 appropriated at Town Meeting from the water, sewer and dog fund. Transfers out of the General Fund consisted of \$58,000 appropriated at Town meeting for emergency repairs to the ceiling at the Rogers Middle School and \$11,000 to cover deficit fund balances in certain special revenue accounts.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town adopts an annual expenditure budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The difference between the original budget of \$39,406,300 and the amended final budget of \$39,154,348 is due to the following:

♦ appropriations (warrant articles) of \$65,582 approved at Special Town Meeting., increasing general government and human services expenditures by \$56,657 and \$8,925 respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

- ♦ use of \$54,645 additional overlay surplus and \$10,936 free cash authorized at Special Town Meeting.
- encumbrances from the prior fiscal year included in the original budget and the encumbrances at the end of the year are not included in the final budget.
- ◆ pursuant to a court judgment, the Town was ordered to fully fund "no lay-off and staffing provisions" of the collective bargaining agreement between the Town and The Rockland Firefighters Union Local 1602, which were previously rescinded by the December 2, 2006 Special Town Meeting. This court order resulted in the Town over expending public safety appropriations by approximately \$165,000.

Water Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget of \$2,815,253 and the final budget of \$2,282,291 is due encumbrances from the prior fiscal year included in the original budget and the encumbrances at the end of the year are not included in the final budget.

Sewer Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget of \$3,034,224 and the final budget of \$2,436,059 is due to encumbrances and carryover articles from the prior fiscal year included in the original budget and the encumbrances and carryover articles at the end of the year are not included in the final budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The Town's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2007 amounts to \$40,255,257, which is net of accumulated depreciation of \$43,463,678 million. The investment in capital assets includes land; buildings; improvements; machinery and equipment. It also includes infrastructure (including water and sewer) placed in service since July 1, 2003.

The table below represents a summary of the Town's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation by category (in millions). Certain amounts have been reclassified to current year format.

Governmental Activities

Capital assets	2007	2006
Land and improvements	\$ 5.5	\$ 5.5
Library, textbooks, and other	.2	.2
Buildings and related improvements	8.7	9.3
Joint Water Works	1.3	1.1
Equipment, machinery, vehicles	2.7	2.7
Infrastructure (including water & sewer)	21.5	20.6
Construction in Progress	4	1.5
	<u>\$40.3</u>	<u>\$40.9</u>

The Town's major additions to governmental activities capital assets during 2006 included the following:

- paving and traffic improvements to various roads
- installation and improvements to sewer, water, and joint water works infrastructure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

Long-term debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5.7 million. This is compared to \$4.7 million last year. Current year bonding of \$1.7 million was offset by payments of \$712,000. All debt is a general obligation of the Town.

The Town maintains an Aaa bond rating with Moody's Investors Service.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ♦ The Town has estimated an increase in its property tax levy by 2.6%, which includes new growth.
- ♦ The Town's fiscal year 2008 operating budget estimated increase is 3.2% over the fiscal year 2007 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town of Rockland, Attn: Town Administrator, Town Hall, 242 Union St., Rockland, MA 02370.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2007

ACCEPTEC	Primary Government Governmental Activities/Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	
Investments	\$ 4,553,024
	4,017,811
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	4,685,903
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	40,255,257
Total assets	\$ 53,511,995
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable, accrued wages and other current liabilities	\$ 1,882,157
Accrued interest payable	152,573
Provision for refund of paid taxes	349,608
Noncurrent liabilities	•
Due within one year	484,553
Due in more than one year	9,958,253
Total liabilities	12,827,144
<u>NET ASSETS</u>	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,527,563
Restricted	6,881,706
Unrestricted	(724,418)
Total net assets	40,684,851
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 53,511,995

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

420,312	420,312	420,312 	420,312	420,312 (2 4 420,312 (2 1 5 420,312 (2
8	\$ 10,488,827 \$ 16,548,744 \$, net of allowance for uncollectibles nterest on taxes tributions not restricted to specific programs ome	\$ 10,488,827 \$ 16,548,744 \$, net of allowance for uncollectibles nterest on taxes utributions not restricted to specific programs ome and other	\$ 10,488,827 \$ 16,548,744 \$ \$, net of allowance for uncollectibles nterest on taxes tributions not restricted to specific programs ome and other al revenues	\$ 10,488,827 \$ 16,548,744 \$, net of allowance for uncollectibles nterest on taxes utributions not restricted to specific programs ome and other al revenues
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	-	other 1	other venues	.1

Education Public works Health and human services

Governmental activities General government Public safety

Primary government Functions/Programs

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

ASSETS	General	Water <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Non-major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 436,408	\$ 677,079	\$ 2,736,163	\$ 703,374	\$ 4,553,024	
Investments	2,049,616	\$ 077,079	\$ 2,750,105	1,968,195	4,017,811	
Receivables	2,793,727	427,593	361,714	802,176	4,385,210	
Total assets	\$ 5,279,751	\$ 1,104,672	\$ 3,097,877	\$ 3,473,745	\$ 12,956,045	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable, accrued wages						
and other current liabilities	\$ 1,602,182	\$ 109,356	\$ 164,357	\$ 6,262	\$ 1,882,157	
Provision for refund of paid taxes	349,608				349,608	
Deferred revenue	2,603,030	148,718	359,671	802,176	3,913,595	
Total liabilities	4,554,820	258,074	524,028	808,438	6,145,360	
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for:	•••					
Encumbrances and continued appropriations	259,533	532,962	603,165		1,395,660	
Unreserved: General Fund	465 200					
	465,398	212 (26	. 050 (04		465,398	
Special revenue funds		313,636	1,970,684	2,387,109	4,671,429	
Capital projects funds Permanent fund				190,926	190,926	
remanent fund				87,272	87,272	
Total fund balances	724,931	846,598	2.573,849	2,665,307	6,810,685	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,279,751	\$ 1,104,672	\$ 3,097,877	\$ 3,473,745	\$ 12,956,045	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Total fund balances of governmental funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and not reported in funds. The cost of the assets is \$83,718,935, net accumulated depreciation of \$43,463,678. Accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are deferred in funds, plus other accruals, net of uncollectibles Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in funds. Reporting of liabilities on full accrual basis requires accrual of interest on debt.						
Net assets of governmental activities					\$ 40,684,851	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues		General		Water <u>Fund</u>		Sewer <u>Fund</u>		Non-major overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Property taxes Excise taxes Penalties and interest	\$	19,544,502 1,621,191 160,288	\$	- 5,546	\$	-	\$		\$	19,544,502 1,621,191 165,834
Investment income Departmental, fines, fees and other Intergovernmental	_	361,877 3,941,685 17,713,554		3,063,710	_	9,040 2,229,554 50,358		17,088 2,573,100 2,217,855		388,005 11,808,049 19,981,767
Total revenues		43,343,097		3,069,256		2,288,952		4,808,043		53,509,348
Expenditures Current										
General government Public safety Education Public works		12,678,308 6,029,550 18,941,129		221774		2.152.656		112,704 360,740 3,667,127	**	12,791,012 6,390,290 22,608,256
Human services Culture and recreation State and county assessments		827,701 1,482,150 647,322 1,845,005		3,317,646		2,152,656		1,211,028 29,076 277,595		7,509,031 1,511,226 924,917
Debt service Principal Interest and other charges		645,000 143,531		45,000 76,225		8,321 38,155				1,845,005 698,321 257,911
Total expenditures		43,239,696		3,438,871		2,199,132		5,658,270		54,535,969
Revenues over (under) expenditures		103,401		(369,615)		89,820		(850,227)		(1,026,621)
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt Premiums on issuance of long-term debt				19,688		15,543		1,700,000		1,700,000 35,231
Transfers in from other funds Transfers out to other funds		5,876 (68,539)		(502,688)	J	(2,688)	J	568,539 (500)		574,415 (574,415)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(62,663)		(483,000)		12,855		2,268,039		1,735,231
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		40,738		(852,615)		102,675		1,417,812		708,610
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	684,193		1,699,213		2,471,174		1,247,495		6,102,075
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	724,931	<u>\$</u>	846,598	<u>\$</u>	2,573,849	<u>\$</u>	2,665,307	<u>\$</u>	6,810,685

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis Sewer Fund - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for services and other	\$ 1,798,390	\$ 1,798,390	\$ 2,284,733	\$ 486,343
Expenditures				100,545
Public works	2.024.224			
Total expenditures	3,034,224	2,431,059	2,194,913	236,146
1	3,034,224	2,431,059	_2,194,913	236,146
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,235,834)	(632,669)	89,820	722,489
Other financing sources (uses)				,
Premium on long term borrowings Transfers out	(2,688)	. (2.600)	15,543	(15,543)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,688)	(2,688)	<u> </u>
- (',	(2,688)	(2,688)	12,855	
Revenues and other financing sources over				_
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	(1,238,522)	(635,357)	102,675	\$ 722,489
Fund balance, beginning of year				
Fund balance, end of year			_ 2,471,174	
and balance, end of year			\$ 2,573,849	
Other budget items				
Appropriations of fund balance	707 (00			
Carryover encumbrances and articles	797,688 440,834	797,688		
Total other budget items	1,238,522	(162,331)		
Net budget	\$ -	635,357 \$		

Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>
Additions	
Private contributions	\$ 31,010
Interest and dividends	80,430
Total additions	111,440
Deductions	
Scholarships and awards	93,618
Total deductions	93,618
Change in net assets	17,822
Net assets at beginning of year	861,832
Net assets at end of year	\$ 879,654

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

Note 1. Organization and Reporting Entity

A. Organization

The Town of Rockland, Massachusetts (the "Town"), was incorporated in 1874. The Town operates under a Town Meeting form of government and a five-member Board of Selectmen. The Town's major operations include education, police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works and general administrative services. In addition, the Town owns and operates water and sewer systems.

B. Reporting Entity

General

The accompanying financial statements present the Town of Rockland (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are included in the reporting entity if their operational and financial relationships with the Town are significant. Pursuant to these criteria, the Town of Rockland did not identify any component units requiring inclusion in the accompanying financial statements.

Joint Ventures

The Town has entered into joint ventures with other municipalities to pool resources and share the costs, risks, and rewards of providing goods or services to venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specific recipients. The following is a list of the Town's joint ventures, their purpose, and the annual assessment paid by the Town in 2007. Financial statements may be obtained from each the joint ventures by contacting each of them directly, except for the Abington/Rockland Joint Water works. The transactions of the joint water works are included in these financial statements. The Town does not have a material equity interest in any of the joint ventures.

Joint venture and address	Purpose	FY 2007 Assessment & Payment for services
Abington/Rockland Joint Water Works North River Collaborative South Shore Regional School District South Shore Tri-Town Development Corp.	To provide water distribution system To provide special education services To provide vocational educational services To develop land with towns of Abington & Weymouth	\$1,427,108 \$ 765,949 \$ 926,301 N/A

Payments to collaboratives are for services rendered.

The Town has accepted a mitigation package with the South Shore Tri-Town Development Corporation's master developer LNR South Shore, LLC to ease the impact of development on the Town. The Town finalized the agreement in July 2006. As part of this agreement, the Town received an initial payment of \$1,260,000 during the year. This has been recorded in departmental revenue for the year. Subsequent payments pursuant to the agreement are contingent upon certain conditions being met. All subsequent payments are to be used for capital expenditures, and/or recreational facilities.

Related Organizations

Board members for the Rockland Housing Authority are elected by Town voters; thus, the Town has no accountability for this organization.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the Town has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the Town has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town is discussed below.

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Town's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, schools, water, sewer and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Town does not have any activities classified as business-type activities.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net assets are reported in three parts—invested in capital assets (net of related debt); restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions. Gross expenses (including depreciation) are reduced on the Statement of Activities by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs are normally covered by general revenue.

Certain costs, such as pension benefits, property, liability and health insurance, among others are not allocated among the Town's functions and are included in general government expenses in the Statement of Activities.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.